Welcome to MIT!
The route outlined on this map will help you quickly explore all that our campus has to offer. MIT Undergraduate Admissions conducts information sessions followed by student-led campus tours for prospective students and families most weekdays (excluding holidays). Reservations are highly recommended. Visit mitadmissions.org/visit for more information.

Before you embark:  
Decoding our building numbers

• While many campus buildings are named, we often refer to them by their assigned numbers.

• When you see a number on an office door, the number before the hyphen is the building, the first number after the hyphen is the floor, and the last numbers are the room. For example: 
  1-390 is Building 1, Floor 3, Room 90.

• To help you navigate, we use letters of the alphabet on this map to avoid confusion with building numbers.

Points of Interest

Visitor Information Center (Building 7-121). The main entrance to MIT at 77 Mass. Avenue is known as Lobby 7. The center is located to the right of the main doors. Office hours are 9 am-5 pm, Monday-Friday, excluding legal and Institute holidays. Outside the front doors of Lobby 7 is Massachusetts Avenue (Mass. Ave.). Turn right on Mass. Ave. to get to Central or Harvard Square; turn left on Mass. Ave. and cross the bridge to get to Downtown Boston.

Fun Fact: The small dome in Lobby 7 is a replica of the 115-foot Great Dome atop Building 10, which overtops Killian Court. Both Lobby 7 and the Great Dome have been the subject of past hacks.

If you decide to walk across the bridge (recommended if the weather is nice), you’ll notice painted markings indicating an unusual measurement: the Smoot. Named after MIT graduate Oliver Smoot (‘62), a fraternity pledge to Lambda Chi Alpha, the Smoot originated in 1958 as part of a fraternity prank. Oliver Smoot lay down across the bridge repeatedly, using his body to measure its length (determined to be 6.44 Smoots, plus or minus 1 ear).

Julius Adams Stratton Building (Building 7-202) is home to the Student Center, designed by renowned architect Eduardo Catalano in 1965. Inside, you’ll find a variety of quick dining options, as well as a convenience store and several service shops (post office, bank, dry cleaner, etc.). The center also houses a small branch of the MIT Coop, the Institute’s bookstore. The main branch of the MIT Coop is located in Kendall Square on Main Street (Building NE20), noted by the star on the upper-right corner of the map.

Outside the Student Center, you’ll find Alchemists, created by Jaume Plensa, one of the world’s foremost sculptors. Commissioned by an anonymous donor on the occasion of the Institute’s 150th anniversary in 2011, the sculpture was given to MIT in honor of all the alumni who have helped support the Institute over the years.

Fun Fact: MIT offers 500+ clubs and organizations to meet our community’s rich diversity of talents, interests, and cultures.

Kresge Auditorium (Building W16) was designed by world-famous architect Eero Saarinen and dedicated in 1955. The main auditorium seats 1,200 people. The Little Theatre has a capacity of 212 and is used for productions by the Dramashop and the Shakespeare Ensemble. The grassy area in front of the auditorium is called Kresge Oval. From here, you can see some of the student housing along the Charles River.

Across from Kresge Auditorium is MIT’s central athletic facility, the Zesiger Sports and Fitness Center (W35). The center features two swimming pools, a fitness center, international-scale squash courts, and a multi-activity court.

Fun Facts:

• With 10 buildings and 26 acres (0.11 km²) of playing fields, MIT has one of the largest athletic complexes in New England.

• MIT supports one of the broadest intercollegiate athletic programs in the world, with 33 varsity sports (16 men’s, 15 women’s, and 2 coed).

• The MIT intramural program offers competition in 18 sports, with 4,000 students, faculty, alumni, spouses, and partners participating.
A very brief MIT overview

- MIT was founded in 1861, but did not admit its first students until 1865.
- William Barton Rogers, a distinguished natural scientist, established MIT to address the challenges posed by the rapid advances in science and technology.
- MIT has five schools, 35+ departments, and 60+ labs, centers, and programs that engage in interdisciplinary work.
- The Institute offers access to class lecture notes, exams, and videos through MIT's OpenCourseWare—and complete courses are freely available through MITx on edX.
- MIT was one of the first universities to welcome women and underrepresented minorities.
- Tim the Beaver became the Institute’s mascot in 1914. Why? “Because bears are nature’s engineers”.
- “MIT’s motto is Mens et Manu—‘Mind and Hand.’”
- The main entrance for MIT is 77 Massachusetts Avenue, Cambridge, MA.

### Points of Interest

#### MIT Chapel (Building W15)
You are welcome to enter the non-denominational Chapel unless it is being used for a service or function. The Chapel was designed by renowned architect Eero Saarinen in 1965. Inside, a metal abalone piece created by legendary sculptor Harry Bertero is used to scatter light that enters the space from the beautiful domed skylight.

**Fun Fact:** The Chapel features a 1,300-pound bell cast at MIT’s Morton C. Flingens Metals Processing Laboratory.

#### Hart Nautical Gallery of the MIT Museum (Building 1, through the doorway at 33 Mass., Ave.)
This gallery houses one of the most important collections of nautical materials in the country. Gallery hours: 10 am–5 pm, daily.

**Fun Fact:** The Hart Nautical Collections were formed in 1924 as part of the Institute’s Department of Naval Engineering. Today, the gallery is Ship Models. The Evolution of Ship Design pays homage to the discipline of naval engineering through more than two dozen of the MIT Museum’s finest full-hull ship models.

#### Infinite Corridor (Building 7, through Building B)
The Infinite Corridor is MIT’s spinal cord. Many of our departments, classrooms, and labs radiate from this hall. The hallway is almost one-third of a mile long. Please stay to the right when traveling the corridor and note that pedestrian speed increases dramatically when classes let out.

**Fun Fact:** Memorial Lobby (Lobby 10), located off the corridor, honors alumni who sacrificed their lives in World Wars I and II, the Korean War, and the Vietnam War.

#### Killian Court (Outside of Building 10)
Many exciting events happen here, including student orientation and Commencement—the only two times your entire class will be together at once. Proceed straight down the Infinite Corridor until you reach Killian Lobby and exit onto Killian Court. Killian Court is named after MIT’s 10th president, James R. Killian, Jr.

**Fun Fact:** This is a good vantage point to view the Charles River panorama and admire the Boston skyline. From the courtyard, you can look back and see the iconic Great Dome, patterned after Rome’s Pantheon. The Great Dome provides the Institute’s architectural bous. It is one of the original buildings, known as the Main Group, that comprised the campus after its 1916 move from Boston to Cambridge.

#### Hayden Memorial Library Building
Building 14 is home to several departments in the School of Humanities, Arts, and Social Sciences (SHASS). Most people recognize MIT for its world-renowned science, math, and technology education. However, they may not know about the wide array of exceptional programs in the humanities, arts, and social sciences that contribute to the foundation of every undergraduate’s education, inside the classroom and beyond.

**Fun Fact:** MIT has six libraries: Hayden Memorial Library (science and humanities), Barker Engineering Library, Lewis Music Library, Dewey Library (social sciences and management), Rotch Library (architecture and planning), and Institute Archives & Special Collections.

#### The Ray and Maria Stata Center (Building 32)
Designed by renowned architect Frank Gehry, the Stata Center is home to the Computer Science and Artificial Intelligence Laboratory (CSAIL), the Laboratory for Information and Decision Systems (LIDS), and the Department of Linguistics and Philosophy. The hallway on the first floor is known as the Charles M. Vest Student Street, named in honor of MIT’s 15th president.

**Fun Fact:** Along the Student Street in the Stata Center, you’ll find displays of MIT hacks, including a real MIT Campus Police cruiser, complete with flashing lights, that in 1984 was placed atop the Great Dome.

#### The Media Lab
MIT Media Lab (Building E14) and List Visual Arts Center (Building E16). The Media Lab contains more than 25 research groups working on 350+ projects that range from neuroengineering to help children learn to develop the city car of the future. The first floor is open to visitors.

The List Visual Arts Center, MIT’s contemporary art museum, collects, commissions, and presents provocative, artist-centric projects that engage MIT and the global arts community. The List is free and open to the public. For more information visit listart.mit.edu.

**Fun Fact:** The List has a Campus Loan Art Program and makes artwork from their permanent collection available to students, staff, and faculty, so that the MIT campus also serves as a museum.

#### North Court
Enter North Court between Buildings 66 and 68, off Ames Street. Designed by award-winning Reed Hilderbrand Associates and completed in 2011, at four court, North Court is one of MIT’s larger courtyards. Several buildings surround the court, including the Stata Center (Building 32), the Koch Biology Building (Building 66), and the Koch Institute for Integrative Cancer Research (Building 76).

**Fun Fact:** The North Court quadrangle serves as a popular event space, plaza, network of promenades, sunny lawn, and picnic place.

#### Koch Institute for Integrative Cancer Research (Building 76)
Enter to view the public gallery on the first floor, which illustrates some of the innovative work being done in cancer research. If you exit the Koch Institute on Main Street and proceed to the Stata Center, on your right you’ll see a large granite sculpture. This is the campus memorial to Sean Collier, the MIT police officer who was killed on April 18, 2013, during the events surrounding the Boston Marathon bombing. Designed by Professor J. Meejin Yoon, the memorial is a space of reflection for the MIT community.

**Fun Fact:** The Institute includes 40+ laboratories and 500+ researchers dedicated to advancing the fight against cancer.

#### The Borderline Mural Tunnel Project:
For more information, visit arts.mit.edu/artists/the-borderline

#### The Big Sail (Lawnside)
This is a good vantage point to view the Charles River panorama and admire the Boston skyline. From the courtyard, you can look back and see the iconic Great Dome, patterned after Rome’s Pantheon. The Great Dome provides the Institute’s architectural bous. It is one of the original buildings, known as the Main Group, that comprised the campus after its 1916 move from Boston to Cambridge.

#### Cambridge, MA: Where the Magic Happens

- **Faculties:**
  - **Undergraduates:** 4,547
  - **Graduate students:** 6,919

- **Minorities:**
  - Undergraduates: 1,262 (18%)
  - Graduate students: 2,130 (47%)

- **Professors:** 1,047 (all ranks)

- **Student-faculty ratio is 3:1**

- **Infinite Corridor**

- **Hacks at MIT are creative—and sometimes difficult—campus pranks meant to display the technical aptitude of the hacker(s) or to commemorate popular culture and historical topics. You can read more about hacks at MIT by visiting hacks.mit.edu. A few former hacks are on display in the Stata Center, another fun stop along the walking tour.

## Helpful Information

**Lost? Have questions?** Contact the Visitor Information Center: 617.253.4795, Monday–Friday, 9 am–5 pm.

For information about accessibility to campus facilities, please visit the Visitor Information Center (point “A” on this map) or call 617.253.2121.

**To report an emergency,** call 617.253.1212.

**For emergency information,** call 617.253.7669.

**For more information, visit listart.mit.edu.**

**Fun Fact:** The MIT Museum is open daily from 10 am–5 pm (excluding major holidays). For more information, visit mitmuseum.mit.edu.

**Fun Fact:** The MIT Museum draws nearly 150,000 visitors each year to programs and exhibitions that explore the foundations and frontiers of science and technology. Highlights include the world’s largest collection of holograms, robots and robotic devices, and the beloved kinetic sculptures of Arthur Ganson.

After visiting the MIT Museum, stop by the MIT Press Bookstore (501 Mass. Ave.). You’ll find many books and journals published by the MIT Press, as well as a curated selection of other publishers’ books in related fields, including art and architecture, cognition, computer science, linguistics, and neuroscience.

**Fun Fact:** Hackers at MIT are creative—and sometimes difficult—campus pranks meant to display the technical aptitude of the hacker(s) or to commemorate popular culture and historical topics. You can read more about hacks at MIT by visiting hacks.mit.edu. A few former hacks are on display in the Stata Center, another fun stop along the walking tour.

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